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## NATURE TRAIL **PEDRO SAPUTO**



PEDRO SAPUTO NORTHEASTERN PENINSULAR 

- panel that announces the length and main features the trail. The trail begins at the boundaries of the town of Almudevar and is well marked. There is an informative
- Only a few metres away there is the Tres Caños foun tain, of Muslim origin, whose water is used for irrigation, alongside a recreational area where there is an information board about Pedro Saputo, a fictional character from 19th century literature and born in Almudévar.
- a pine copse. This section offers enjoyable views of the surrounding Pre-Pyrenean mountain ranges and crosses several access paths leading to private properties, but the old boundary stones placed by the Ebro River glimpse of Alcalá de Gurrea outlined on the horizon indicates that the end of the first trail section is near bank of the Monegros Canal, protected from erosion by As the trail continues, it becomes closer to the right local flora and fauna where several information points reveal the secrets of Basin Authority provide easy guidance for hikers. The
- 4 Approximately at kilometre 7, the trail changes direction and crosses the Monegros Canal and its' often busy service road to reach the La Violada irrigation canal that will run parallel to the trail almost until the end.
- Ģ The trail runs past a solar park and composting plant and skirts the town of Valsalada along a sinuous route without major changes in the even landscape

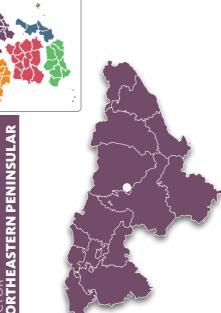
**TELEPHONES OF INTEREST:** 

19th century.

We invite you to visit them and offer you the keys to enjoy the trip. In this brochure you will find a brief description of the Pedro Saputo Nature Trail and the map for the journey, along with recommendations to make the most of this experience. We only ask one thing of you: do not forget to leave everything as you found it. The conservation of these

diversity and beauty of our precious natural heritage, and discover the villages, sights, traditions and people that are part of the unique cultural landscape of our country. These routes take us to the countryside to discover the bio-

Since 1993 the Ministry for Agriculture and Fisheries, Food and the Environment's Nature Trails Program aims to restore former transport infrastructures such as railway tracks, cattle trails and traditional routes, for public use and enjoyment.





Presided over by the old Muslim castle of Almudévar at the top of a hill, the remains of which house the Cistercian chapel of Virgen de la Corona, this trail runs parallel to the Monegros Canal and the La Violada irrigation canal. These infrastructures used to service the surrounding areas with water originating in the Gállego and Cinca Rivers and are included in the Irrigation Plan of High Aragón which has endeavoured to improve the economy in the area since the

## **SURROUNDED BY WATER**



Further on, the trail reaches the water irrigation pond of La Magdalena and a new resting area. There is also a provide information about the birds that can be seen and the basic features of the irrigation system, of vital the most representative structures in agricultural areas. importance for the area. In fact, water irrigation ponds ("balsas") used to store stormwater constitute one of ral information boards scattered along the trail which fruit tree experimentation area nearby. There are seve-

7 ternatives: following the Geological Corridor, the only section of the trail that runs in a cutting so visitors can see the soil profile, or taking the Aromatic Corridor, a Hikers who decide to do this trail by bike can access and other aromatic plants the bicycle motocross circuit nearby or move forward smooth path with plenty of thyme, rosemary, lavender the Viewpoint, the trail splits in two, offering two al to the Mirador del Pirineo viewpoint, where an informountain ranges within sight. During the descent from mation board indicates the names of the different

9 Walking past the only sloping stretch, the trail moves ploitation of newly irrigated lands. The last stretch of the trail leads to the outskirts of the town, where there is another information board Franco regime in the 50s for the repopulation and excolonization town –urban communities created by the away from the Channel toward the town of El Temple, a

## **IRRIGATION PLAN OF HIGH ARAGÓN**

of Aragón by irrigating lands through the construction of two canals: the Cinca Canal and the Monegros Canal. The former allowed the water flows of the Cinca and Gállego rivers to merge and therefore enabled the increase of agricultural lands in the region. The works started in 1915 and are still under progress.

and is 133 km in length. It comprises several section the first one of which merges with the Cincal Cargo km in length, in the so-called "Tardienta embra (abrazo de Tardienta). Among its main water flows, 37-km La Violada irrigation canal is a highlight.

In spite of the years elapsed since its commissioning the Plan remains incomplete. The construction will be

